

Total Resource Use and Efficiency





Certification

TRUE Advisor

Projects



Steven Stelzer

Program Director, City Of Houston Green Building Resource Center

TRUE Advisor



The TRUE Zero Waste certification system enables facilities to define, pursue and achieve their zero waste goals, cutting carbon emissions and supporting public health.





TRUE Zero Waste certification with GBCI

- ✓ Supports public health & ecosystems
- ✓ Helps you cut your ecological footprint
- ✓ Advances a green economy
- ✓ Supports the definition of no waste to landfill, incineration (waste-to-energy) & the environment
- ✓ Meets zero waste businesses request for a valid & comprehensive third party certification
- ✓ Showcases a business or organization's responsibility & commitment to their communities.
- ✓ Emphasizes strong total participation
- ✓ Benefits the triple bottom line
- √ Helps companies turn waste into savings & additional income steams



REQUIREMENTS for certification:



- ✓ Zero Waste policy in place.
- √ 90% overall diversion from landfill, incineration (waste-to-energy) & the environment
- ✓ Meet all federal, state/provincial, and local solid waste and recycling regulations
- ✓ Data documents a base year and measurements since the base year
- ✓ Commit to submit 12 months of data to GBCI annually
- ✓ Contamination is not to exceed 10% of each material stream once it leaves the company site.



TRUE Zero Waste Certification Levels 81 TOTAL POINTS

BRONZE	31-37 points
SILVER	38-35 points
GOLD	46-63 points
PLATINUM	64-81 points

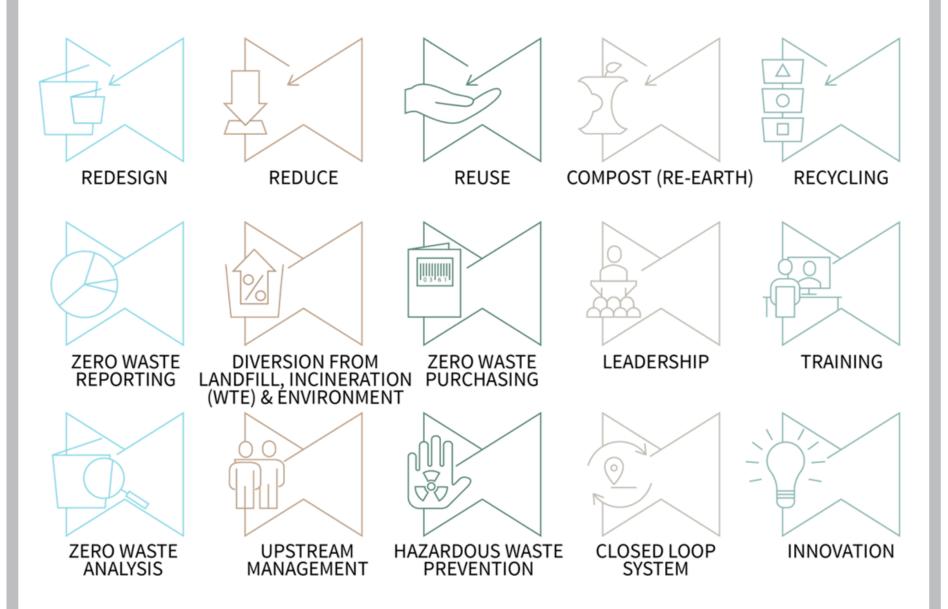


TRUE ADVISOR ONLINE TRAINING

01 04. 03. **TRUE Zero Waste** Certification and the Overview of Zero Waste Redesign, Reduce Role of the TRUE Advisor and a Zero Waste Facility Introduction and Reuse 05. 06. 08. Zero Waste Reporting and Diversion from Landfill, Incineration Compost (Re-earth) Bin Right Sizing (WTE) and Environment Zero Waste Metrics and Recycle Upstream Management, Zero Waste Purchasing, **Hazardous Waste** Prevention, Closed Loop Conclusion and Leadership, Training Zero Waste Audits and Innovation and Zero Waste Analysis Next Steps

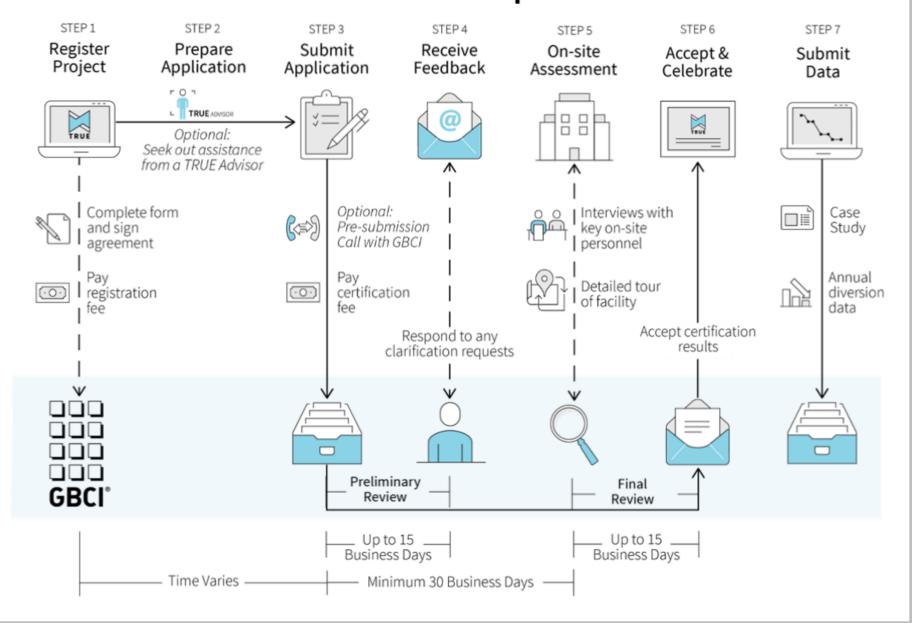


TRUE Zero Waste categories





TRUE Zero Waste certification process





MON098143 [RF] @ www.visualphotos.com

memegenerator.net







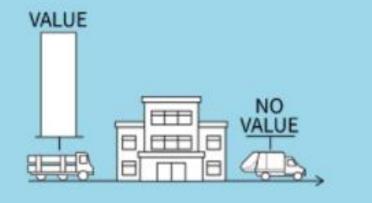






The "wasteberg"

5-10% of all materials purchased by typical companies go to produce the product.



90-95% is wasted.

Materials associated with extraction, transportation, processing and other activities.

Businesses often externalize the cost of their generated waste and pass it on to the consumer and municipalities.



The definition of zero waste

Zero waste is a goal that is ethical, economical, efficient and visionary, to guide people in changing their lifestyles and practices to emulate sustainable natural cycles, where all discarded materials are designed to become resources for others to use.

Zero waste means designing and managing products and processes to systematically avoid and eliminate the volume and toxicity of waste and materials, conserve and recover all resources, and not burn or bury them.

Implementing Zero waste will **eliminate all discharges to land, water or air** that are a threat to planetary, human, animal or plant health.





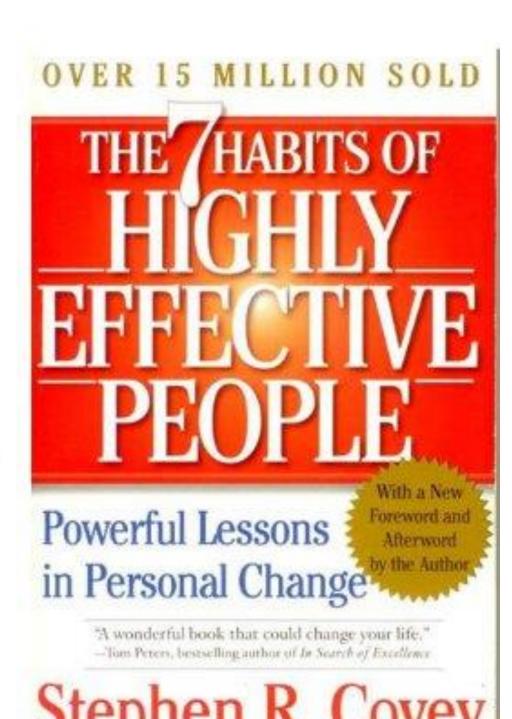
The "R" conversation

CLICK ON EACH R-WORD TO SEE A DEFINITION

CLICK NEXT TO CONTINUE

Begin with the End in Mind

"To begin with the end in mind means to start with a clear understanding of your destination. It means to know where you are going so that you better understand where you are now and so that the steps you take are always in the right direction"



EMBODIED ENERGY & MATERIAL TO LANDFILL

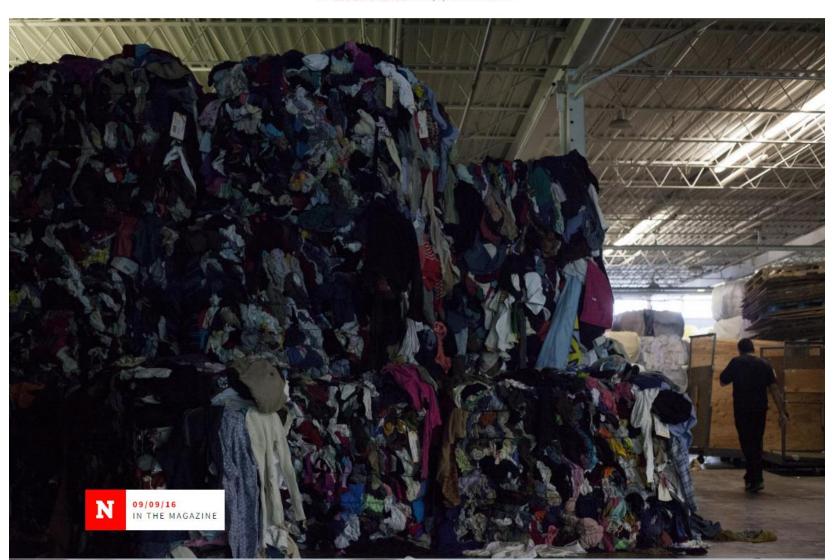




TECH & SCIENCE

FAST FASHION IS CREATING AN ENVIRONMENTAL CRISIS

BY ALDEN WICKER ON 9/1/16 AT 6:40 AM



CREDIT MENU: TRAINING

Click on each credit below. You must review all credits to continue.

Credit 1:

Provide zero waste goal/policy to all employees

Credit 2:

Incorporate zero waste into employee orientation

Credit 3:

Communicate with employees about zero waste activities quarterly

Credit 4:

Clearly label all collection receptacles

Credit 5:

Train purchasing agents

Credit 6:

Include zero waste in evaluation process and/or bonus structure

Credit 7:

Dedicate at least one person for zero waste leadership role

Credit 8:

Provide all employees access to zero waste training





BENEFITS OF TRUE ZERO WASTE CERTIFICATION:



SAVE MONEY:

Waste is a sign of inefficiency; the reduction of waste reduces costs.



FASTER PROGRESS:

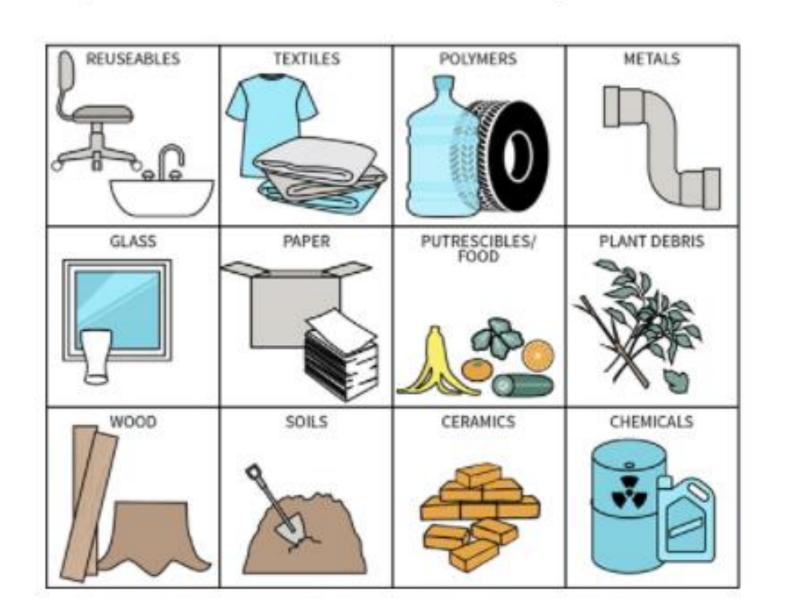
A zero waste strategy improves upon production processes and environmental prevention strategies, which leads to taking larger, more innovative steps.



SUPPORT SUSTAINABILITY:

A zero waste strategy supports the three "P"s: people, planet, and profit.

To understand generation of every commodity or waste at the facility and how these materials are processed.



EXAMPLE: FOLLETT HIGHER EDUCATION GROUP DIST. CENTER

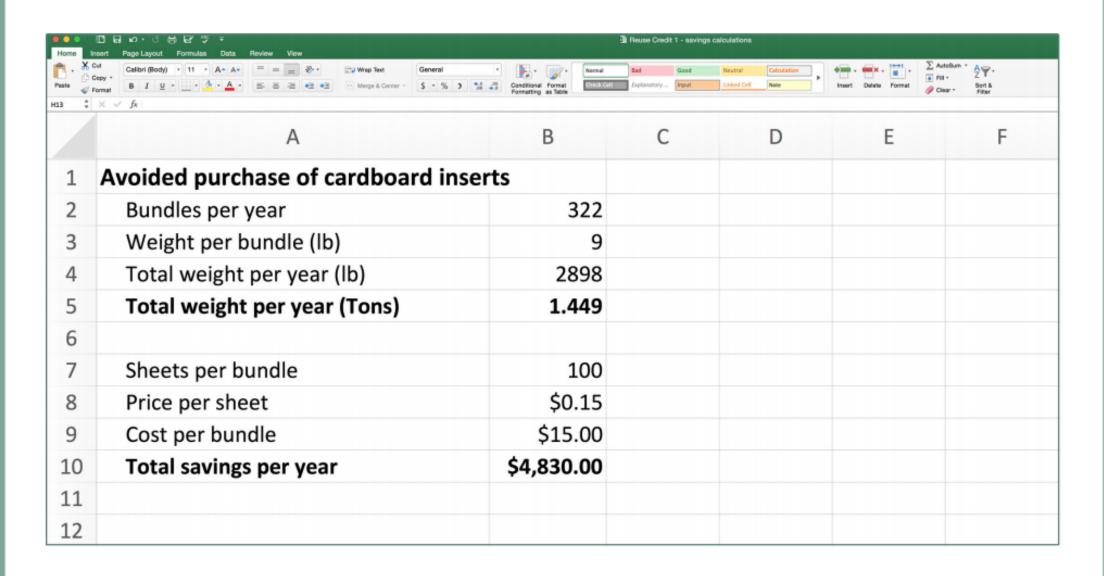
Aurora, IL • 550,200 sq. ft.

Gathered data on weights and volumes of all material streams for their baseline year and the current year to date, including: invoices, receipts, and other documents from service providers.

	PTD		YTD			PTD	8	YTD	×
% of Recycled Waste	95.1%		94.0%						
Follett Target Goal	95.0%		95.0%		Recycled Waste	125,459	95%	1,723,104	949
Industry Best Practice	90.0%		90.0%		General Waste	6,500	5%	110,000	676
Variance to Follett Goal	0.1%		-1.0%		Total Waste	131,959	7%	1,833,104	
Variance to Best Practice	106%		104%						
Pounds of Waste	PTD	%	YTD	N				10,000	
General Waste	6,500	5%	110,000	6%				616	
Baled OCC	45,125	34%	619,091	34%					
Mixed Paper	6,880	5%	31,580	2%					
Mixed Books	25,500	19%	603,208	33%				//	
Kraft Paper	1,670	256	28,806	2%				/	
Mixed Plastic, Shrink Wrap, Strapping	2,705	2%	30,961	2%				/	
Mixed Metals	2,995	2%	23,226	2%	General Waste		- /		
Wood	40,584	31%	386,232	21%	Recycled Waste				
	131,959	7%	1,833,104						
							1,723,10	4	
							94%		
						\			
						No.			

EARTH FRIENDLY PRODUCTS SAVINGS SAMPLE

REUSE Credit 1



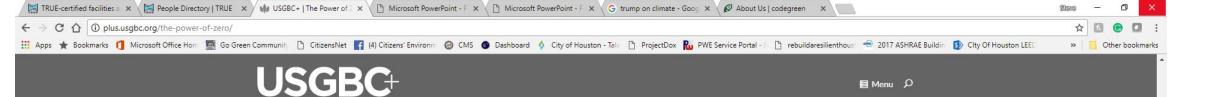
SIERRA NEVADA BREWING CO.

REPORTING Credit 2

MILLS RIVER - 2015 D	iversion D	ata												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	
Cardboard	33,100	63,540	33,860	34,320	0	59,346	50,240	39,186	18,362	133,254	51,636	50,496	567,340	
Plastic*	5,180	5,660	6,140	5,580	0	9,540	5,868	6,190	3,786	7,184	3,490	5,978	64,596	
Paper**	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,528	5,000	5,000	448	3,600	910	1,992	47,478	
Metal***	0	11,249	12,362	38,351	12,248	18,252	1,591	9,100	2,472	1,242	36,495	7,086	150,448	
Glass	24,860	21,900	23,180	35,720	41,660	21,240	57,340	41,300	41,320	44,760	34,160	33,600	421,040	
Organics	39,600	38,900	47,940	18,260	17,300	16,180	25,280	38,740	52,440	40,400	55,600	44,400	435,040	
Comingled	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	3,500	3,180	2,560	820	1,200	2,460	2,320	23,540	
Wood	82,160	20,500	50,640	52,820	100,600	73,320	13,640	54,820	30,520	55,060	57,320	35,800	627,200	
Other	28,880	0	3,360	107,420	41,460	16,760	39,820	47,646	5,366	5,580	16,900	68,202	381,396	
Spent Grain	2,089,900	1,851,340	2,168,340	2,000,120	2,086,660	1,890,320	3,004,940	2,447,560	2,738,160	2,930,160	2,320,600	3,571,640	29,099,740	
Total	2,310,180	2,019,589	2,352,322	2,299,091	2,306,428	2,113,986	3,206,899	2,692,102	2,893,694	3,222,440	2,579,571	3,821,514	31,817,818	
Sent to Landfill	41,700	52,900	45,420	42,060	29,660	36,817	30,880	19,280	14,080	20,760	14,920	6,900	355,377	
Diversion Diversion w/out grain	98.23% 84.08%	97.45% 76.08%	98.11% 80.20%	98.20% 87.67%	98.73% 88.11%	98.29% 85.87%	99.05% 86.74%	99.29% 92.69%	99.52% 91.70%	99.36% 93.37%	99.42% 94.55%	99.82% 97.31%	98.90% 89.68%	
Total Cost	\$8,729.53	\$6,155.21	\$7,406.51	\$10,578.26	\$6,994.55	\$4,546.43	\$7,538.38	\$6,782.98	\$5,478.86	\$6,772.35	\$5,824.11	\$5,270.08	\$82,077.25	with spent grai
Avoided cost w/out spent													0.000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
grain	\$10,903.86	\$7,655.33	\$9,107.11	\$14,051.64	\$12,087.24	\$9,729.47	\$13,329.32	\$21,152.84	\$12,520.52	\$15,637.00	\$24,343.31	\$40,354.72	\$190,872.35	\$2,025,880.95
Revenue	\$1,028.46	\$4,065.37	\$4,650.65	\$6,756.44	\$4,338.36	\$5,761.56	\$2,649.94	\$2,489.10	\$2,254.53	\$3,439.32	\$2,715.59	\$2,289.72	\$42,439.04	\$309,991.41
Net Savings w/out grain	\$3,202.79	\$5,565.49	\$6,351.25	\$10,229.82	\$9,431.05	\$10,944.60	\$8,440.88	\$16,858.96	\$9,296.19	\$12,303.97	\$21,234.79	\$37,374.36	\$151,234.14	\$2,253,795.11

Sample diversion spreadsheet

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
otal Generated	147,378	94,823	113,896	107,365	94,712	107,876	67,431	119,236	127,829	91,019	109,153	100,931	1,281,559
otal Landfill	20,228	8,903	8,463	8,633	6,882	7,067	3,792	6,205	9,275	6,322	5,417	8,286	99,473
lotal Recycled	108,460	70,341	81,703	77,212	66,385	76,409	46,839	88,851	88,109	60,070	88.032	67,611	912,022
lotal Reused	18,690	15,579	23,640	21,520	21,445	24,400	16,800	24,190	30,445	24,627	23,704	25,034	270,064
Siversion Rate	86.3%	90.6%	92.6%	92.0%	92.7%	93.4%	94.4%	34.8%	92.7%	93.1%	95.0%	91.8%	92.2%
Diversion Goal	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.69.11	90.6%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%
Zero Sort Recycling	11,778	9,871	20,703	14,992	9,493	14,642	11,260	13,026	18,707	12,109	13,900	13,650	164,219
Meyers Recycling	11,778	9,871	29,703	14,992	9,493	14,642	11,260	13,026	18,707	12,189	13,908	13,660	
iber (Cardboard/Paper)	16,502	18,991	19,568	18,796	17,872	18,762	13,079	14,276	18,899	9,442	18,017	23,735	207,939
Cardboard	14.669	15,227	17,125	14,290	15,205	16,274	11,441	12,930	16,336	7,461	16,240	22,152	179.340
abel Backing	1.843	3,764	2,443	4,506	2,667	2,488	1,638	1,346	2.563	1.981	1,777	1,583	28,599
Confidential Paper	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reuse (Rebax)	Û	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hastic	4,273	3,490	3,010	4,720	4,180	2,755	2,477	3,505	4,355	1,310	4,000	2,787	40,862
.DPE Film	4,273	3,490	3,010	4.720	4.180	2,765	2,477	3,606	4,366	1,310	4,000	2.787	
Compost	6,107	5,851	9,622	9,504	5,320	10,010	5,623	1,524	8,408	6,889	6,267	9,839	92,071
Good Waste	6,107	5,858	9,622	9.904	5,320	10,010	5,623	8.524	8,408	6.889	6,267	9.839	92,371
Reuse	18,690	15,579	23,640	21,520	21,445	24,400	16,000	24,180	30,445	24,627	23,704	25,034	270,064
gation pails	290	0	0	.0	1,125	0	0	2,160	0	701	426	1,913	6,615
Cardboard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250 gallon totes	480	1,560	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2,040
Supersacks	0	966	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	966
liber Drums	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	G
Plastic Drums	0	253	.0	0	0	.0	.0	460	0	D	0	0	713
Plastic Pallets	0	0	0	. 0	0	. 0	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	. 0	. 0
Wood Pallets	17,920	12,800	23,640	21,520	20,320	24,400	16,800	21,560	25,480	21,440	20,660	21,760	248,200
Maple Syrup	4,037	1,356	3,597	11,761	24,731	6.685	4,837	0	4,965	2.486	2,718	1,361	68,534
Vood	28,800	19,640	28,800	28,800	29,520	30,240	14,400	30,240	30,240	30,240	37,840	17,600	326,360
Wood -Misc Scrap	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0
Wood Pallets	28,800	19,640	28,600	28,800	29,520	30,240	14,400	30,240	30.240	30,240	37.840	17,600	326.360
Vetal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
Scrap Metal Misc	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	a
Drums	0	0	0	-0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lectronics	0	129	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	129
-V/aste	0	129	0	-0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	130	0	
Toner Cartridges	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	
Animal Feed	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,500	0	0	0	
Animal Feed	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	7,500	D	0	0	
Misc Recycling	41,000	12,362	0	-0	0	0	0	19,280	0	0	0	- 0	72,512
Other	41.000	12.362	0	0	0	0	0	19,280	0	0	0	0	-





Brian Balukonis manages solid waste processes for Raytheon's Integrated Defense Systems. Photo: Fran Brophy

THE RAYTHEON COMPANY

Major defense contractor Raytheon had six Massachusetts facilities zero waste certified in 2015-five at the gold level and one platinum-but the company's commitment to its zero waste efforts goes back a lot further than that.

In 2005, Raytheon signed a resource management contract with Massachusetts waste hauler E.L. Harvey & Sons, incentivizing waste reduction, reuse, and recycling, rather than simply paying the hauler by the ton to cart away its trash. Then, in 2008, the company set a goal of reducing the amount of waste it sent to landfills and incinerators by 35 percent by 2015. When 2015 came, the company had easily passed that marker, reducing waste by 56 percent from the 2008 baseline.

Next, the company plans to bump up its waste diversion rate by one percentage point per year until 2020, and to have 20 sites certified by that

"It's not something you can do overnight," says Frank Marino, senior manager for environmental health, safety, and sustainability at Raytheon.

"It takes a bit of foundation building and culture building and supplier partnerships to make it work."

"We've been doing this for years, leading up to the official certification," says Brian Balukonis, who manages solid waste processes for Raytheon's Integrated Defense Systems business unit. "Part of the certification process is, you have to have established certain criteria to even apply into the program, and one of the major criteria is achieving at least a 90 percent diversion rate. We had already done that [at the six sites]."

While Raytheon worked for years to divert waste from landfills and incinerators before ever pursuing Zero Waste certification, Marino and Balukonis say they see value in the certification process—both because it standardizes language and benchmarks around zero waste initiatives, and because it encourages companies to strive toward metrics-based goals.

"That's a key trigger," says Marino. "We're really metrics driven, and we've been tracking [waste] diversion for around 20 years. At Raytheon, if you put a goal around something and you put visibility on it, you get action, and you get the resources that you need."

"You hear a lot of businesses talk about zero waste, and then when you get into details, their definition is zero waste to landfill," says Balukonis, noting that many of these companies still send substantial waste to incinerators. "Quite frankly, Raytheon has been zero waste to landfill for years in New England. We didn't feel like that was something to brag about.



















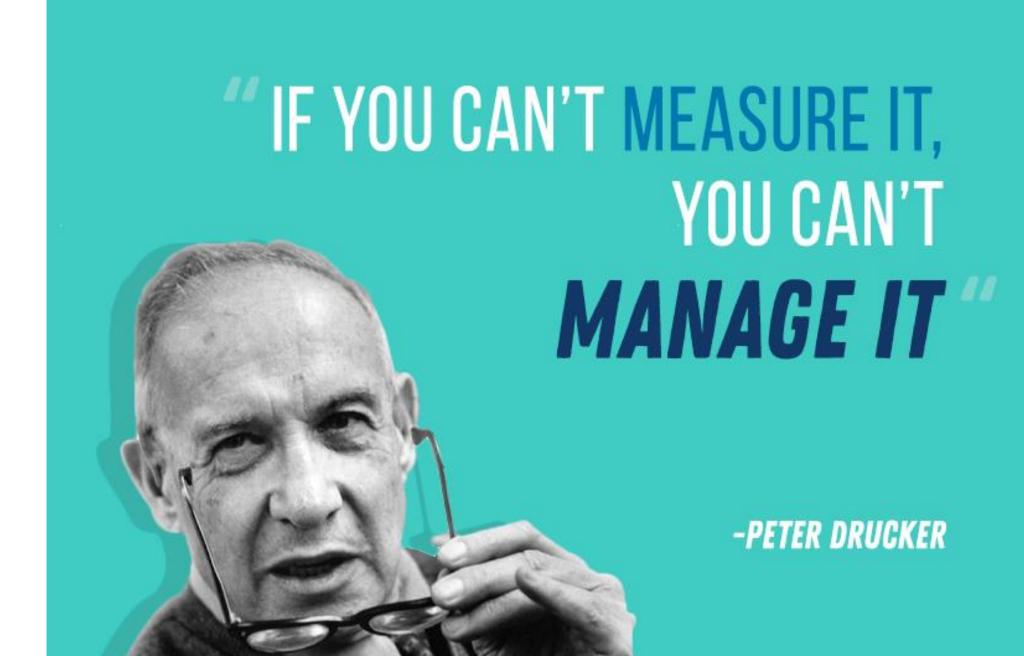
MICROSOFT CORPORATION

Redmond, WA • Campus with 75 buildings

Established the "Misfit Produce Program" to help reduce or eliminate waste by rescuing damaged produce.

The café receives "misfit" produce from local vendors that do not make it to the shelves or are not sold due to the shape, color, and overall look of the produce and use the produce in their soups, sauces, and salads.





Profit

- Cost versus savings from program efforts:
 - Return on investment
 - Simple payback
 - Overhead
 - Revenue generation
- Avoided disposal cost
- Partnerships with suppliers and vendors
- Supporting local businesses
- Process efficiency and eliminating waste from operations
- Meeting corporate goals
- · Upcycling opportunities



Present annual numbers















The Tesla Factory:

- Received Zero Waste Gold certification
- The 5.3 million square foot manufacturing and office facility diverts around 99% of its waste from landfills.
- About 2% of the facility's waste goes to waste-to-energy facilities. This ensures that certain discard materials don't end up on the secondary market.
- In 2016, Tesla sent 1.9 million pounds of compostable materials to a commercial composting facility near the Tesla factory.



Agriculture Science Facility at Walt Disney World Resort:

- Received Zero Waste Platinum certification
- Has diverted over 98% of its waste by implementing an advanced source separation system, waste prevention, and engaging employees and interns.
- The park uses an anaerobic digestion system to convert food waste into fertilizer and energy,keeping the food scraps out of the trash stream and producing clean electricity in the process.



The links between climate change and waste

Here are the important links between climate change and waste that all green building champions should understand:

- Emissions from extraction of resources: Trees, minerals, oil and other basic components of materials we
 use must be extracted from the environment. The extraction process and resulting depletion of resources
 releases GHGs and disrupts the ecosystem.
- Transportation of goods and materials: Raw materials must be transported to processing and
 manufacturing facilities. Most finished goods include excessive packaging, which has several stages of
 extraction and transportation. The materials or finished goods are repacked from one destination to
 another, adding to the climate impact. Finished goods must be transported to retail facilities or
 consumers. Finally, after consumption the materials (especially packaging) are transported several times
 to landfill, waste to energy or recycling facilities.

- Manufacturing emissions: The production of goods and materials also has associated emissions. This can
 be direct emissions output from the manufacturing facility itself, or indirect output through the energy it
 uses.
- Landfill methane: As some materials degrade in the anaerobic environment of a landfill, methane is
 released. Methane is a potent GHG, with as high as 72 times the impact on warming the climate than
 CO₂. In California, landfills are one of the top five sources of GHG emissions. This is why zero waste was
 tied into one of the most sweeping pieces of climate mitigation legislation in the country, California
 Assembly Bill 32. The bill supports infrastructure and programs to decrease methane emissions from
 resource management activities and the increase of diversion efforts.
- Emissions from incineration: Even with emission controls, some GHG and other air pollutants are
 produced from these processes. Energy recovery capabilities at these facilities can help to negate
 climate impact. However, as with landfills, it is still not the most desirable outcome for residuals. This is
 because the materials are permanently destroyed, which necessitates starting over again by extracting
 new raw materials. The best approach is to prevent the need for disposal in the first place by reducing,
 reusing and recreating products. Instead of destroying the materials, this mitigates climate impacts
 upstream.

- Ocean pollution: Litter, particularly single-use plastic items, and polluted runoff enter our oceans, damaging its ecosystem. Healthy oceans are critical to maintaining a healthy climate, and acidification and warming ocean temperature may amplify overall warming.
- Destruction of forests: Trees cut down for the production of paper-based products can no longer filter our air or sequester carbon. We must preserve elements of our ecosystem that mitigate climate change impacts.



Zero waste: The forgotten climate change mitigation tactic





Donald J. Trump @realDonaldTrump



The concept of global warming was created by and for the Chinese in order to make U.S. manufacturing non-competitive.

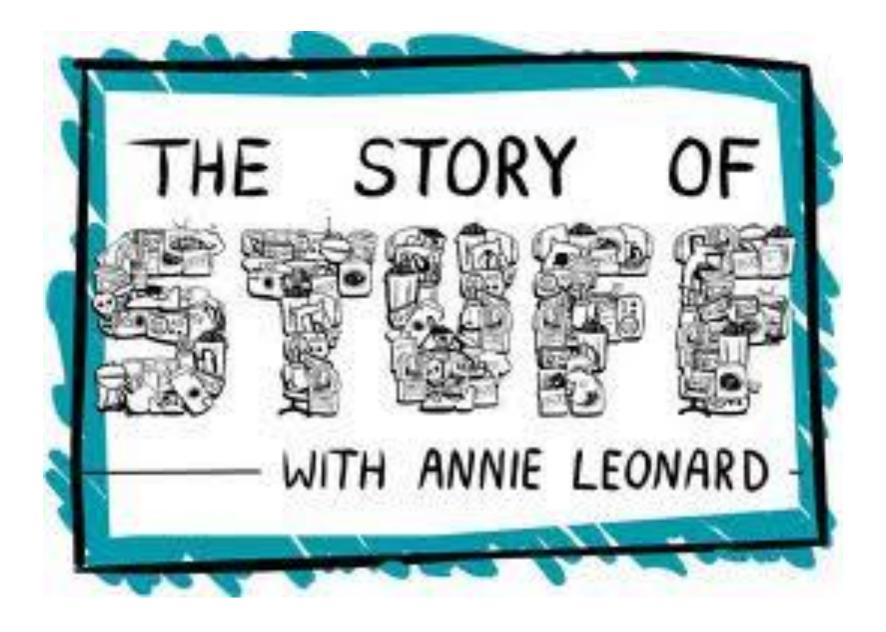
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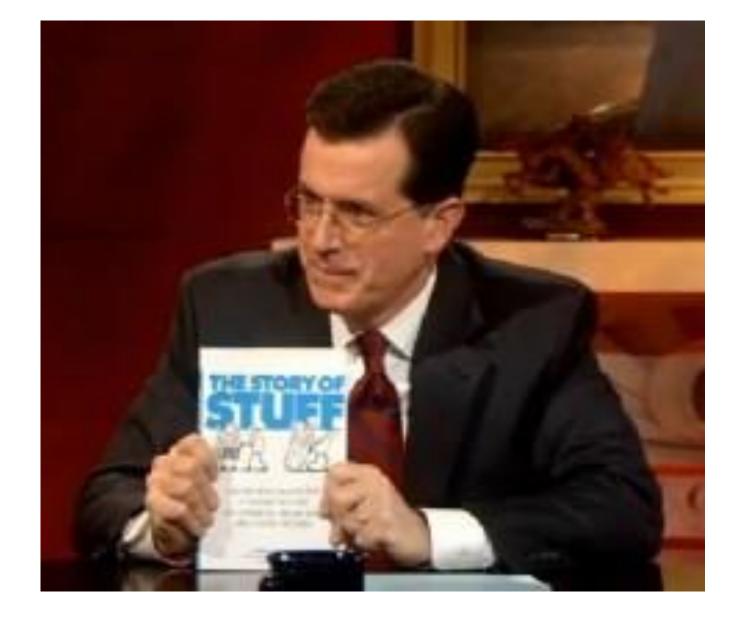




What Else Can YOU Do?



Watch the Story of Stuff YouTubes



Then read the book

Annie Leonard



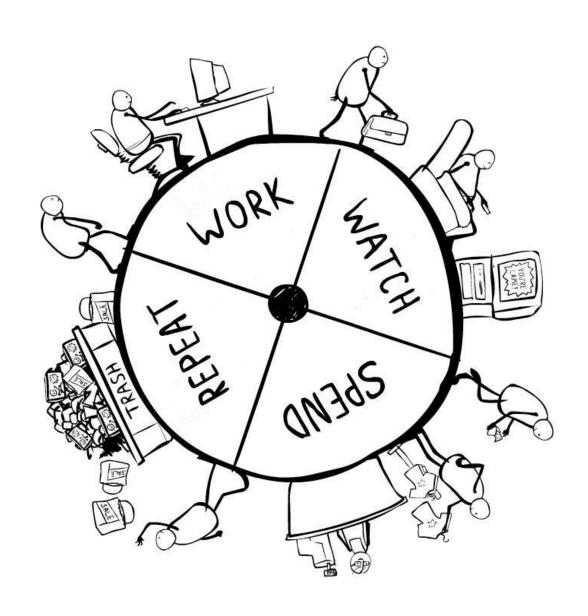
This is what we do to make Stuff for us to buy



This is what we do to make us buy Stuff



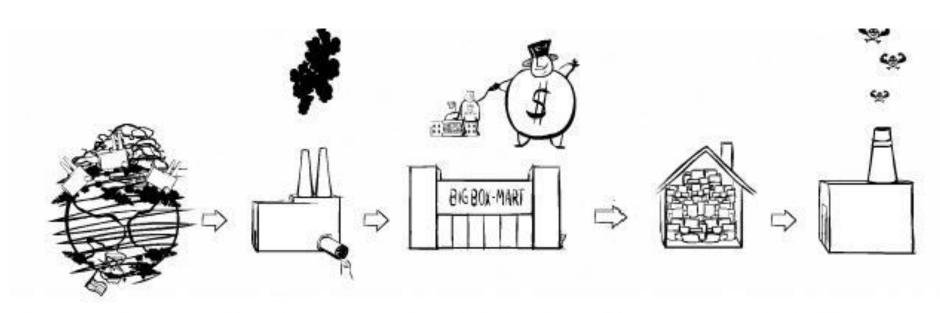
This is what we do for Stuff



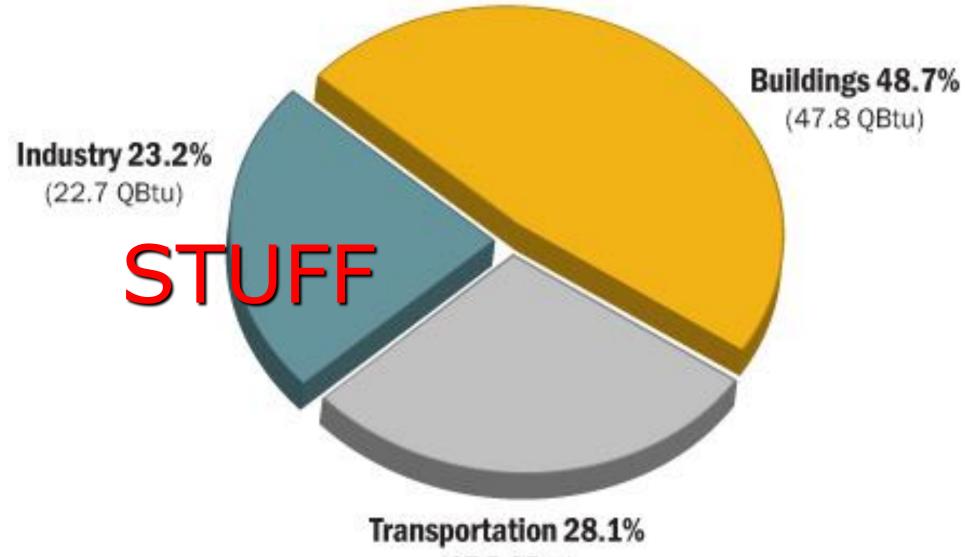
This is who we are



This is the story now.....



Extraction Production Distribution Consumption Disposal

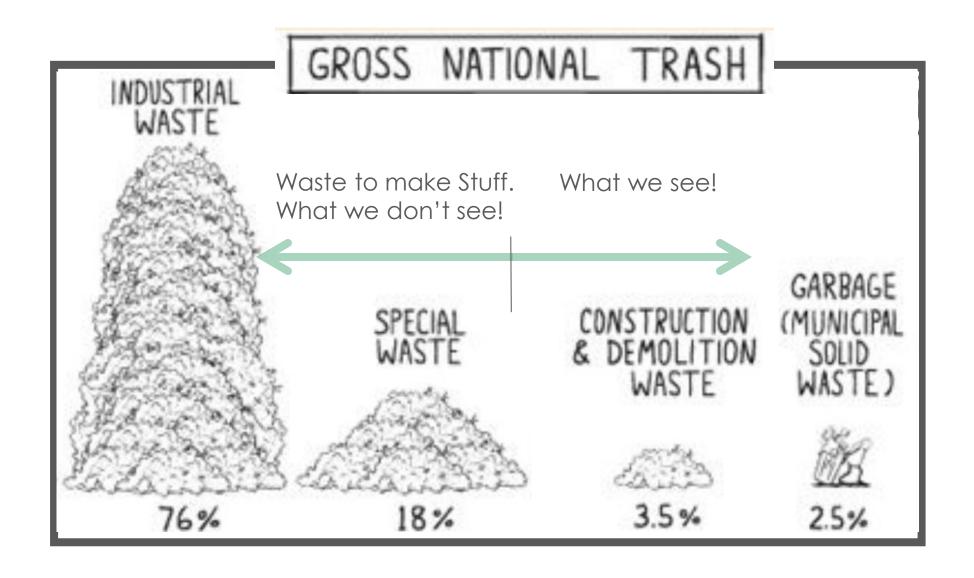


(27.5 QBtu)

U.S. Energy Consumption by Sector

Source: ©2011 2030, Inc. / Architecture 2030. All Rights Reserved. Data Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (2011).

The BIG Waste Story



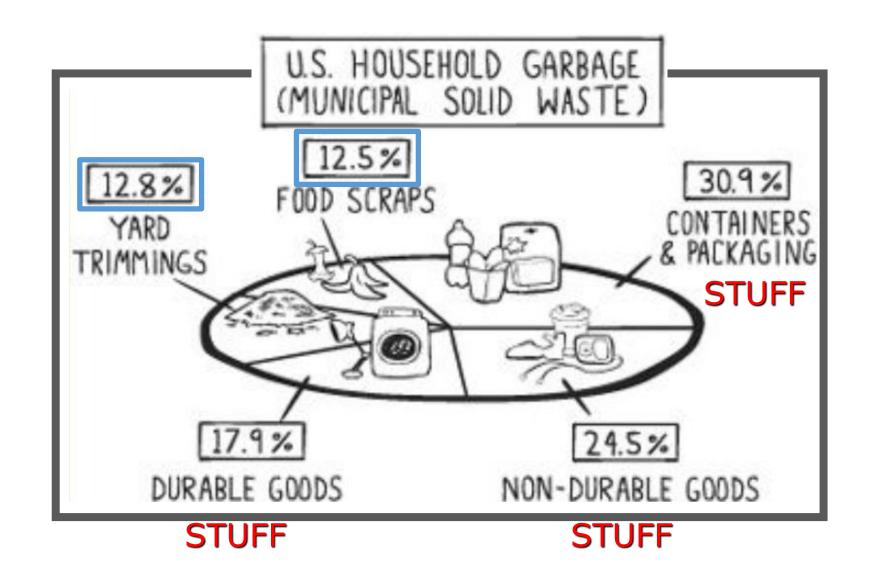
EMBODIED ENERGY & MATERIAL TO LANDFILL



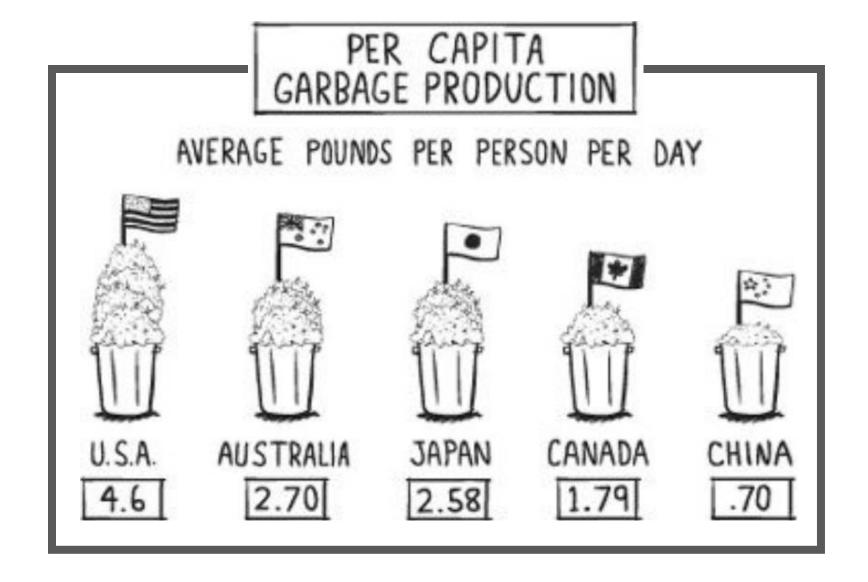
GARBAGE (MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE)



Compost Opportunity!

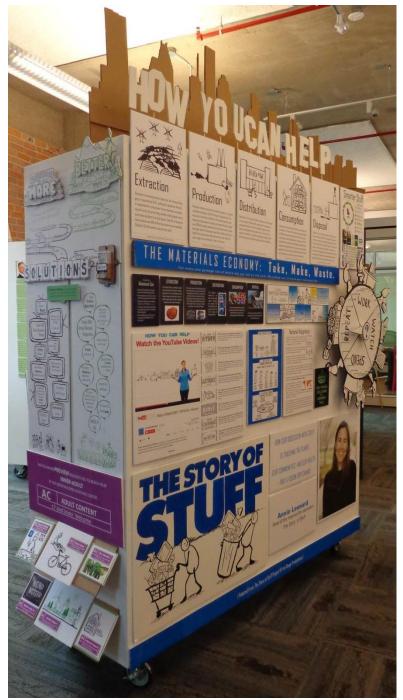


Compared to Others



Our Story of Stuff Display





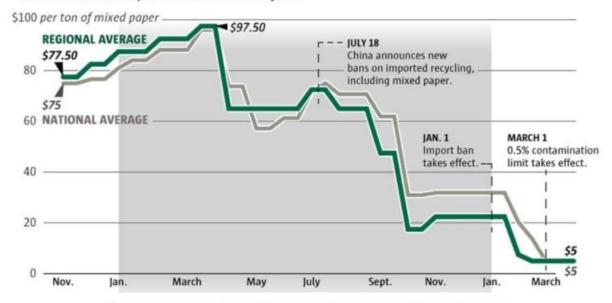


The BIG Waste Story



CONSUMERS

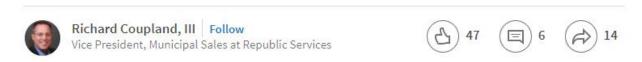
The average price paid to recyclers for a ton of mixed paper in the Pacific Northwest and across North America has plummeted in the last year.



The value of a ton of mixed paper in the Northwest has dropped 95% in the past 12 months.

Recycling is Broken, and Here is Why

Published on April 22, 2018



Many Municipal leaders, and the public, are not yet fully aware of the structural changes that have occurred to the recycling industry over the past decade. The reality is that the recycling business model in the United States is fundamentally broken, and that the success and long term duration of programs is in danger unless change is implemented. Here is a glimpse into why:

- Changes in packaging manufacturers continue to innovate new packaging for their products, like juice pouches, or aseptic containers. Unfortunately, many are not recyclable, or have limited end markets for beneficial use which renders them unmarketable.
- Light-weighting many packages have been designed to be lighter, to lean out the material costs needed for the manufacturer to produce the package. Think of water bottles, and how they barely stand up. It takes twice the number of water bottles to make a ton of recyclables today, yet recycling "success" is measured by weight (tons). The industry must still process each water bottle, so we need to run the equipment twice as long to aggregate a ton of water bottles. Programs therefore miss the reality that the community is actually recycling more (in terms of transactions), because we only measure weight to monitor success.
- Public Education and Contamination A vast majority of the public are not
 aware of what to recycle, nor how to recycle properly. Absent this knowledge, they
 throw items in the bin that they think (or hope) are recyclable, but in reality are
 trash. This contamination degrades the value of the actual commodity we try to sell,
 and drives additional cost to transport and dispose of the trash at a landfill.

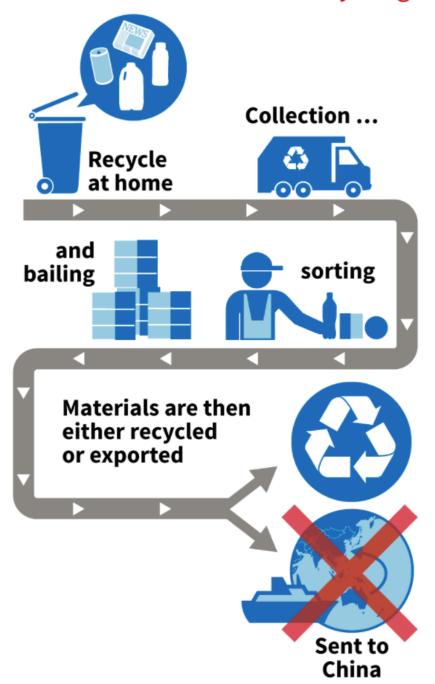
- Placing Diversion over Sustainability Objectives many city goals have drifted, from doing the right thing for the planet, to simply driving to achieve maximum diversion rates in a short period of time. We see a steady increase in contamination and residual rates (and therefore costs) because people are "diverting" more trash into the recycling bin. Unfortunately, because the material is not recyclable, or has no end market in the local region, it is trash. Many cities measure the weight of collected material as diverted, rather than the actual weight of commodity processed (without the contamination and residual material pulled out). Programs must shift to measure success using Sustainable Materials Management (SMM) approaches to better look at the true benefits of the material being diverted.
- Major disruption in Commodity Markets In 2017, China announced dramatic structural changes to what commodity they would accept into their country. As a major consumer of the recycled commodities from the US, these changes mean that the costs structure of the industry will now change as the world shifts to this new norm. The market value for the commodities impacted by China (eg: mixed paper) have fallen 95% in the past months.

The result of these realities is that the financials of recycling are no longer in alignment, or sustainable without changes. In the past, the price for collection on your curb was very low, because the value of the processed commodities was able to offset the costs to collect and process. Today, all that is changed, and the business model must change.

Public education must increase across the country, so that people understand the true
costs of a recycling program, as well as what to recycle, and how to recycle
properly. The quality of the recycling material stream can make the difference
between marketable commodity and contaminated trash. Remember, Empty. Clean.
Dry.

- 2. The service to run trucks and collect material on the curb must stand on its own. That means that the price we pay for trucks to collect our trash and the price we pay for trucks to collect recyclables should be comparable, and the public needs to tell their elected officials that they are willing to pay to have recycling in their community.
- 3. The service to process collected material and sell commodity on the market must stand on its own. The Net Processing Price should include costs to process, separate, dispose of contamination and residual, offset by the value of commodities sold at market. When commodity value is not able to offset the processing costs, these shortfalls should be passed to the Municipality or rate payer. This ensures the programs are durable and can stand up over the changing years.
- 4. Lastly, Municipalities who embrace a durable model should share in the risk (and reward) of the Commodity value of their materials. By doing this, the incentives and rewards of proper and sustained public education are directly tied to the returns a Municipality can enjoy.

The end of the road for recycling?



The BIG Picture Question

- •Do we need to feel guilty if we consume?
- Could we consume more thoughtfully?
- •Don't we need to influence INDUSTRY?
- •How do we do that?

Recycling crisis: More than 200 dangerous stockpiles found in Victoria

By Adam Carey

Updated 25 April 2018 — 11:15pm, first
published at 5:37pm



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Talking points

- Victoria generated 12.67 million tonnes of waste in 2015/16
- 86 per cent of recyclable waste remained in Victoria
- 14 per cent of recyclable waste was exported overseas

More than 200 dangerous stockpiles of recycling waste have been found across Victoria by the state's environmental watchdog as the garbage crisis deepens.

Ten months after China announced it would no longer import "foreign garbage", Victoria is yet to find a way out of the crisis gripping its \$4 billion recycling system.



The industry is warning that it has no choice but to continue to stockpile recycled material, despite the fire risk.

The threat of stockpiled recycling was brought home to Victorians when the SKM recycling plant in Coolaroo caught fire in July last year.



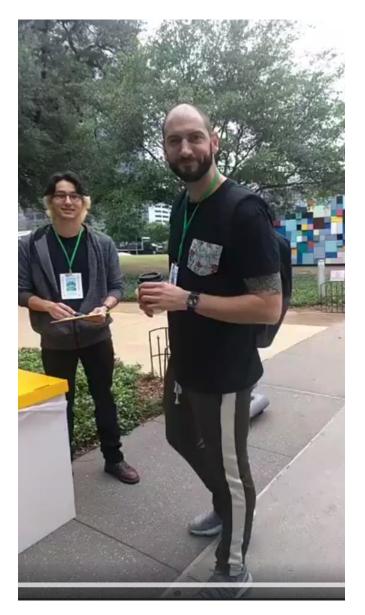
The BIG Picture Question

Reduce

Reuse

Recycle is third for a reason

Zero Waste Initiative at Earth Day Houston

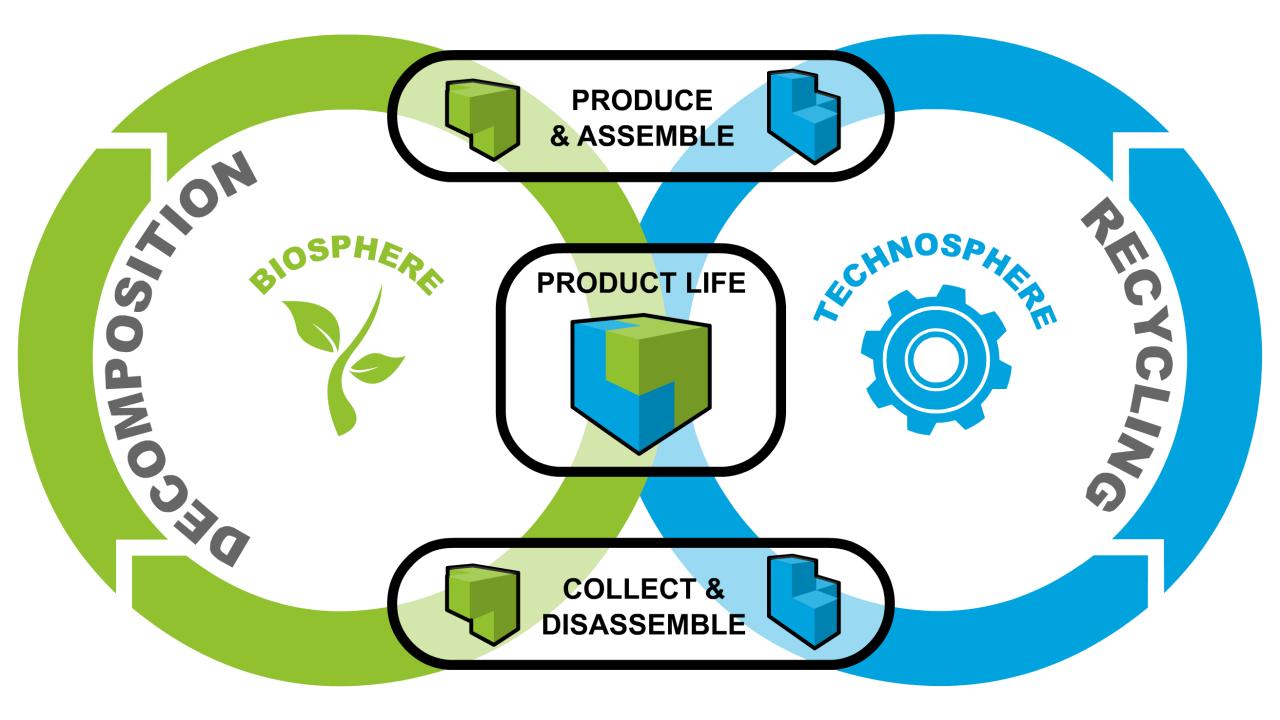


https://www.facebook.com/EarthDayHouston/videos/1007509056076079/

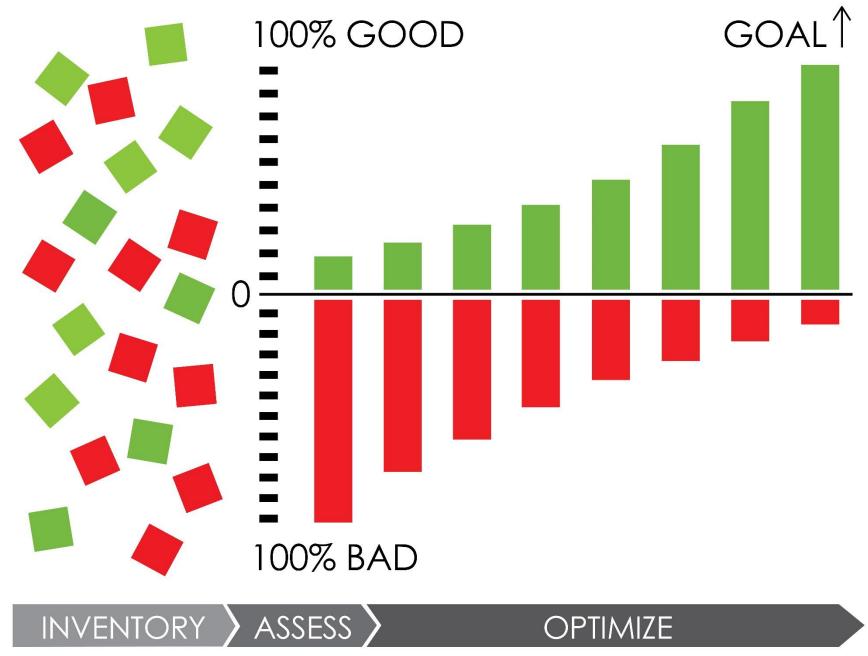
We collected 338 pounds of total waste from our stations (157 lbs Compostable, 81 lbs Recycling, 100 lbs landfill). Plenty went somewhere else. Our Diversion rate is 70% (probably 15% error factor). 90% would qualify us for Zero Waste. I weighed 95% of it.

A Zero Waste Strategy





THE UPCYCLE CHART: Continuous Improvement



TO CRADLE

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Drive Change

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PRODUCTS INNOVATION

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Drive Change

The Institute works with a powerful community of change-agents who, in their areas of specialty, are bringing about the next industrial revolution.







"But because of society's design strategies, that planned obsolescence brings with it a significant debt in terms of the raw technical materials put out

of industry's reach in landfills. We know society has the capability of being more careful with its raw materials.

How do people treat gold, for example? Because society values gold, no one simply throws it out to be mashed in a dump or melted into a monstrous mess in an incinerator. That is unthinkable. Everyone would wonder how anybody could accidentally throw their gold away and how we could dig that gold out of the mountainous tons of waste to reuse it. Instead, people traditionally sell it in its whole form.

Now think of cobalt, used in medical implants. Indium used in LED lamps. Neodymium for wind turbines. Lithium for batteries. These rare-earth and heavy metals are truly precious because they allow us to have the needed and valued goods, such as lifesaving devices, renewable power, computers, cars, and so on.

But if people keep designing for one material use and not reuse, we "use up" clean forms of the technical nutrients needed to make the products for the future. This means we will all worry about "limits to growth" because we feel we are running out of resources.

Because of suboptimal design"

About Us -360 Research -

Products +

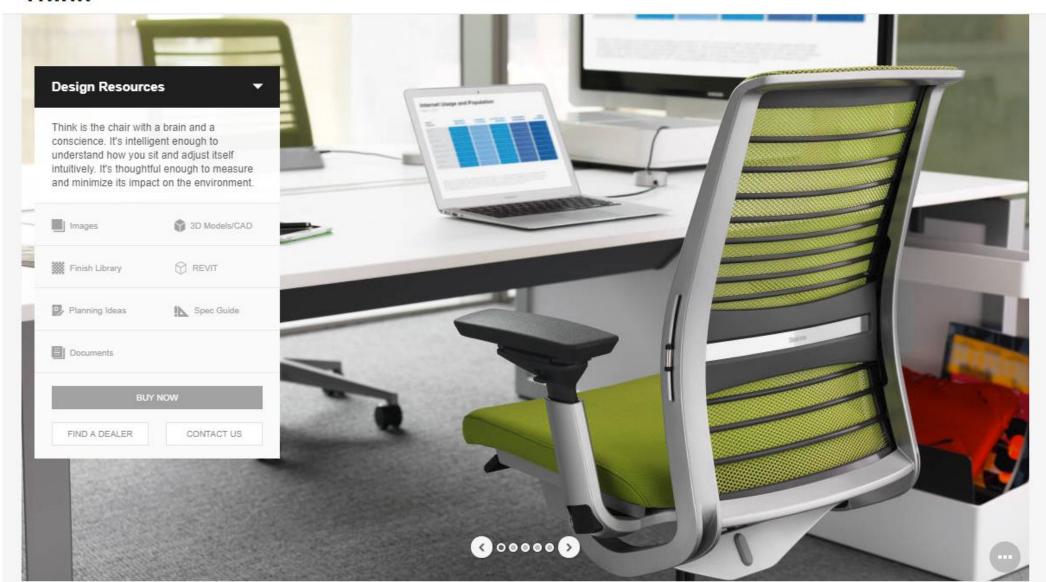
Spaces + Inspiration -

Design Resources *

Find Us +



Think SHARE L OVERVIEW *



Sustainability

Life Cycle **LEED Contribution** Certificates Overview

DESIGNING FOR SUSTAINABILITY

We believe the only way to provide the best office furniture solutions is to ensure they're the best products for the environment. That's why every step of the way - through design, manufacturing, delivery and product lifecycle - we consider the impact of our work on people and on the environment and uncover opportunities to make things better.

Read more





recycled content

Sustainability

Life Cycle **LEED Contribution** Certificates Overview

Certifications can help you choose products that are environmentally sustainable and just right for your project. Think has achieved the following certifications:

Cradle to Cradle Certified™

Bronze

SCS Indoor Air Advantage Certified

SCS IAQ Gold SCS IAQ

View profile and certificates





Features

Adjustability Smart. Simple. Sustainable.

SUSTAINABLE.

Think has measured and minimized its lifelong impact on both human and environmental health. The newly redesigned Think has fewer parts for easy recycling and even quicker disassembly. Steelcase can help you reuse or recycle the chair at end of its useful life.

Recycle + Reuse program

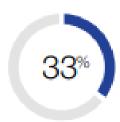


Think, an environmentally-friendly, lightweight office chair, consists of up to 28% recycled material and is up to 95% recyclable.

		1
5	79	6

METALS

	kg	lb	%
Steel	4.6	10.2	28.9
Aluminum (cast)	4.5	9.9	28
Other	0.6	1.4	4
Zink (Zamak)	<0.1	0.1	0.4



PLASTICS

	kg	lb	%
Nylon (PA)	3.4	7.4	21
Polypropylene (PP)	1.6	3.6	10.2
Polyoxymethylene (POM)	0.1	0.2	0.8
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)	<0.1	0.1	0.3
Polyester (PET)	<0.1	0.1	0.3



OTHER MATERIALS

	kg	lb	%
Polyurethane foam	1	2.1	6
Fiberglass	0.1	0.2	0.6

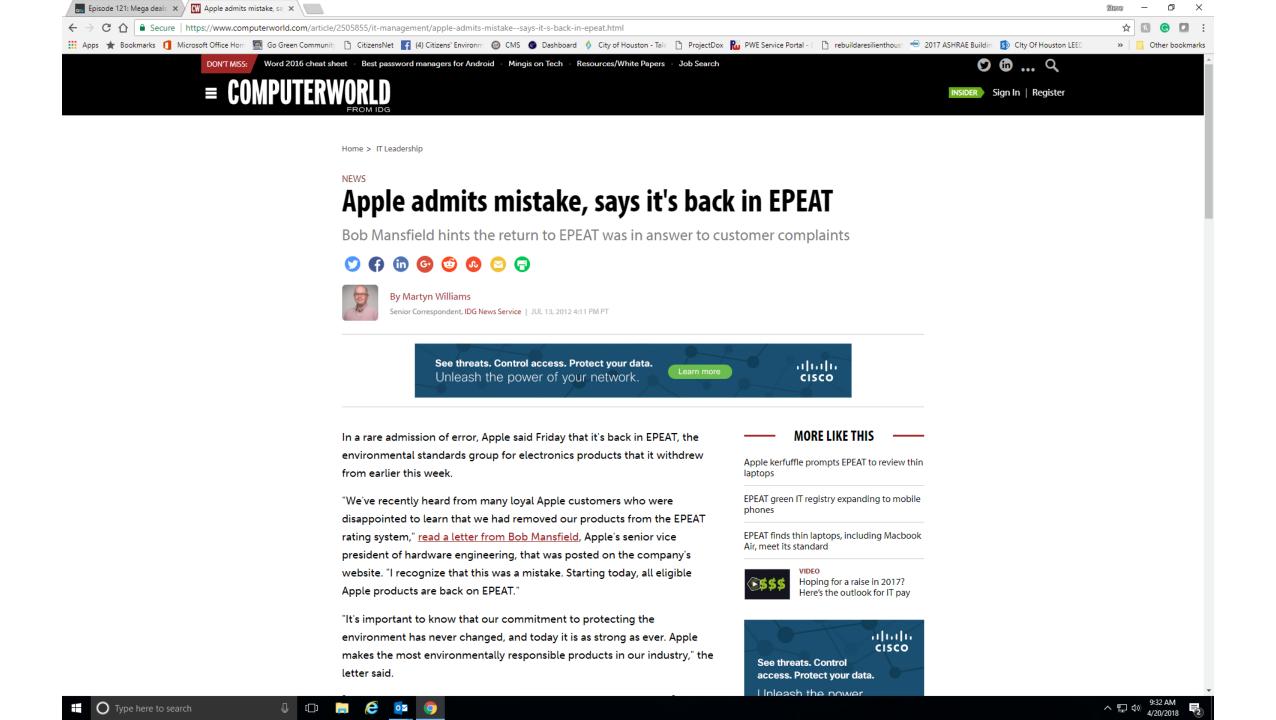
This needs to be TYPICAL language in product literature, don't you think?

End of Use

Any product can become a resource itself, or be responsibly disposed of in different ways.

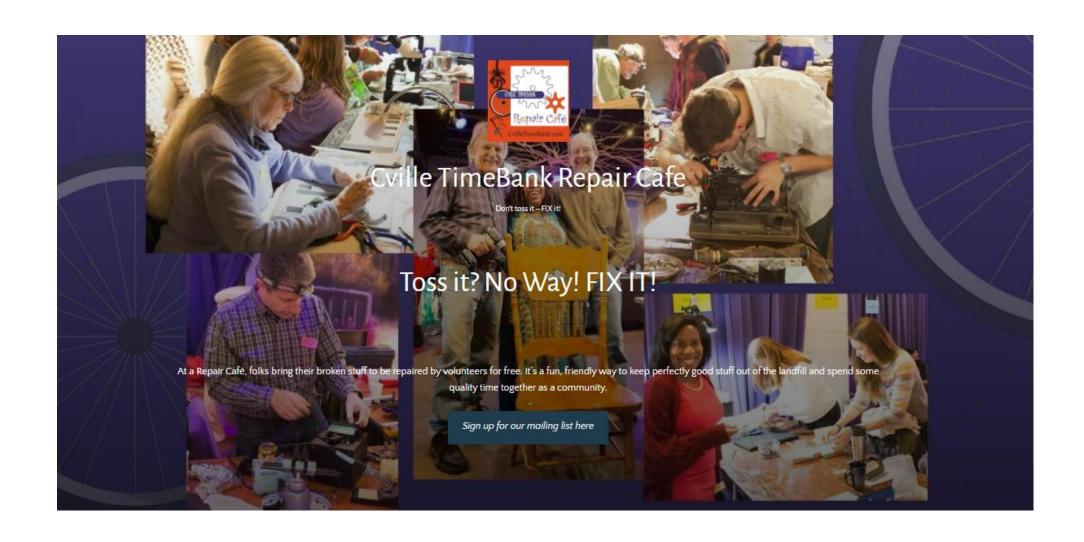
- Designed to enable responsible end of use strategies re-selling, refurbishing, charitable donation or recycling.
- Designed for quick and easy disassembly of materials with no permanent assembly.
- Disassembly and recycling directions available upon request, for a representative configuration.

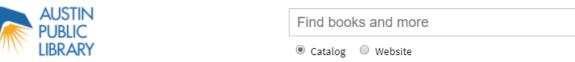
- 95% effectively recyclable by weight, according to the current waste disposal schemes.
- 100% effectively recyclable packaging.
- Primary plastic parts clearly labelled for easy sorting and effective recycling, according to ISO 11469.

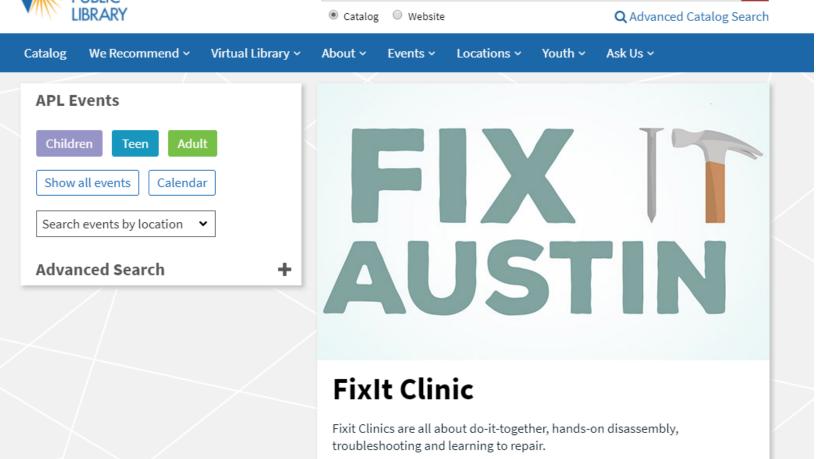


Another Zero Waste Strategy









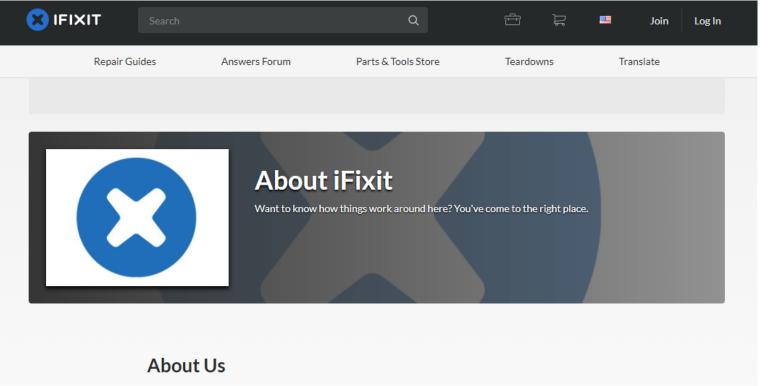
Events

Saturday, March 24, 2018

12:00 PM Fix-It Clinic - Bring your broken stuff and learn how to fix it!



Austin Habitat for Humanity ReStore - 500 W. Ben White Blvd. All ages are welcome, but children under the age of 13 must be accompanied by a parent or guardian. Click below to RSVP.



iFixit is a wiki-based site that teaches people how to fix almost anything. Anyone can create a repair manual for a device, and anyone can also edit the existing set of manuals to improve them. Our site empowers individuals to share their technical knowledge with the rest of the world.

So what are you waiting for?

Start a new guide or improve an existing one!

Helpful Resources for Repair Guides





Repair Café, Palo Alto

@paloaltorepaircafe

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Write something on this Page...

Photos



Nonprofit Organization

4.0 食食食食食

⊘ ▼

Community

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- 369 people like this
- 386 people follow this

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- Suggest Edits

Team Members



Sue Purdy Pelosi

People Also Like



Like



A Repair Cafe celebrates fixing through a fun, collaborative, hands-on, fix-n-learn, community event. People bring us their broken items for assessment, disassembly and repair. Bring your toolkit and join us to have fun and learn while helping others troubleshoot and fix their broken stuff! Volunteers assess, take apart, and hopefully -- REPAIR.

Transition Houston is partnering with TX/RX Labs, the City of Houston Green Building Resource Center, Houston Complete Communities, Citizens' Environmental Coalition, Texas Campaign for the Environment, and the Houston Peace and Justice Center in this effort!

Do you have an item in need of repair?

We invite you to bring in a broken item and meet local people who have offered to share their skills to help you make repairs. If you have nothing to repair, you can enjoy a cup of tea or coffee. Or you can lend a hand with someone else's repair job. You can also get inspired at the reading table, by leafing through books on repairs and DIY.



Acceptable Items to Bring:

Clothing, Small Appliances, Bikes

Can you volunteer to help with repair or the event?

Calling all handywomen, handymen, handy kids, handy teens and families, tinkerers, and sewers! Volunteer to have fun and learn through helping others troubleshoot and fix their broken stuff. Volunteers are also needed on the day of the event as guides and to assist with general coordination.

Sign Up to Participate!

Online at: https://repaircafehouston.eventbrite.com use the QR code, or contact Steve Stelzer at 832.394.9050.

Why a Repair Cafe?

Our society revolves around consumption. Personal consumption of durable goods add up to 8% of GDP, and non-durable goods add up to 15%, totaling about \$4 trillion dollars annually in the USA! The more we buy, the more we throw away, often during the first year! And... most people no longer know how to repair things. For more information, visit www.transitionhouston.org.



The Fixer's Manifesto

- If it's broken, fix it!
- Give your stuff a longer life
- Enjoy hands-on, fix-n-learn, community based discovery
- Nurture curiosity, share ideas and skills
- Fixing is good for us and good for the planet
- Disposability is a choice
- Make fixing a way of life!

House Rules & Guidelines

Please take a moment to **read the house rules outlining repair cafe and safety guidelines**. Participation in the event requires all attendees to agree and abide by these rules. In general,

- Local volunteers with a range of skills are available to give you ideas, suggestions or a helping hand if needed with a repair.
- · Visitors carry out the repairs themselves whenever possible, but repair experts are on site and can help as needed.
- Please bring one broken or non-working item per person.*
- · Carry-in items only (No stoves, refrigerators, or other large items)
- Volunteers offer no guarantee of items being repaired made by them or with their assistance, and are not liable if objects repaired do not work properly at home.
- · Volunteers are not obliged to reassemble disassembled appliances that cannot be repaired.
- If you need replacement parts, such as plugs, fuses etc. you may need to pay for these or pop out and buy them
 from a local shop.
- · Visitors to Repair Café are solely responsible for the removal of broken objects that could not be repaired.
- · A voluntary donation for workshop tools and repair materials is greatly appreciated.

* Disclaimer - Please know you bring your items to be repaired at your own risk. Because repairs are made by unpaid volunteers there may be risks. Neither the facilitators of Repair Cafés nor the repair volunteers are liable for any loss or damage that may result from advice or instructions, for the loss of items handed over for repair, for indirect or consequential loss, or for any other kind of loss resulting from repairs made by Repair Café.

Our Sponsors



















Mary Lee Johns This looks really cool. When, where, how join, etc?

Like · Reply · 14w





Peggy Walton Looking forward to our next one. Thanks for sharing Gabriella Nissen.

Like · Reply · 14w · Edited





Monica Elizabeth Luna When is the next one?

Like · Reply · 11w



Carol Hendrix Burrus I was there! It was amazing. I will now plan to save things that break instead of figuring out how to recycle them. This service is a welcome return!





Molly Block is 3 attending Join Us at Houston's First Repair Cafe! with Steve Stelzer at ♥ TX/RX Labs.

October 28, 2017 · Houston · 🚱

At Houston's first "repair cafe" today -- with volunteers who are lending their expertise to help extend the life of non-working items. Getting one of my not-quite-working vintage lamps looked at. (Carl, pictured, advises me to get a different socket.) Fun stuff!

Kudos to Steve Stelzer for coordinating this project -- a good thing for



ALERT! Shameless Self-Aggrandizement











HPL plans to stay involved with and support the Repair Café program. We would like to pursue outreach opportunities and host a Repair Café in the near future.

Carmen P. Abrego Assistant Manager Library Events & Community Programs 500 McKinney | Houston, TX 77002





Repair Café Houston Toss it? No way!

Date: Male / Female Name LINDA FOSS Email Address Lindas Fees egman from	Age Group 0-20 21-40 41-50 61+ U agree to abide by the House Rules Zip Code 77004
Repair Number:	Repair made to: Small appliance: ANTIQUE FAN REPRO FAN Garment: Tool / Knife: Other:
repro-bearing: Antique-break in To a degree. Advice? Quality 1004	I antique, I Reproduction. 5 seized 5 motor wining Electric > motor rewound collingsworth on antique
□ No. Reason? (1) ⊘ d	Wade Or bearings replaced



Repair Café Houston Toss it? No way!

Date: 10/28/17 Male / Female Name Cucaly Antin Email Address Repair Number:	Age Group 0-20 21-40 41-60 61+ I agree to abide by the House Rules Zip Code 7007 Repair made to:
S-1	Garment: Stuffed to 45 (dog) Tool / Knife: Other:
Defect/Issue:	· dangerous
Nere You helped?	
Tyes. What was repaired? Show Stuffed. To a degree. Advice?	a doop chouse in their animals - important because is concinogenic if they swallow the particle
No. Reason?	
lelped By: 2 Sewing	ladies, Judy + Ha Karen
Comments / Suggestions	as were so very nice and about repairing the



Date: 10.28.17 Male /	Age Group
10.76.11 Female	0-20
	21-40
	61-00
Email Addites	
	☐ I agree to abide by the House Rules
	Zip Code 77005
Repair Number:	Repair made to:
	Small appliance:
	Garment:
1-2	Tool / Knife:
1 6	Other:
Defect / Issue:	er string breaks constantly
Were you helped?	
,	\ 1
Yes. What was repaired? William 1	Whacker
☐ To a degree. Advice? (Wound + W	e wrong way).
☐ No. Reason?	
Helped By:\\.	
Wade Can	415
Comments / Suggestions /	Lyp call
\	

Repair Café Houston

Saturday, Octobe	er 28, 2017	TXRX Labs
Volunteer Fixers		10
Volunteer Guides	S	13
D II. T.II. F.I	I .	4
Pop Up Table Fol	KS	4
Reception/Close	out Folks	2
Repairs	Success/total	16/20
Appliance		8/10
Tools/Sharpen		4/5
Sewing		4/5
Not recorded, bu	ıt fixed	4 to 6

Repair Type & Status

Results	Advice	Needs Parts	Not Broken	Not Repaired	Repaired	Grand Total
Bicycle	1	2			1	4
Bike		1			1	2
Marin Bike	1	1				2
Other				1	1	2
Stool					1	1
Toilet Seat				1		1
Sewing / Mending					5	5
3 Skirts					1	1
Blanket					1	1
Jeans					1	1
Pants					1	1
Suitcase					1	1
Small Appliance	4	4	1	3	8	20
Apple cord	1					1
Clock	1					1
Computer speakers				1		1
Elec pencil sharpener					1	1
Elec toy car		1				1
Electronic keyboard					1	1
Fan					1	1
Fishing reels		1				1
Food processor		1				1
Ice maker	1					1
Iron				1		1
Lamp					2	2
Power washer			1			1
Roomba	1					1
Stereo receiver				1		1
Tape player					1	1
Tape recorder		1				1
Toaster					1	1
Vacuum					1	1
Grand Total	5	6	1	4	15	31

Repair Café April 2018

Small Appliances, Bikes, and Sewing / Mending

